



UNO MINDA LIMITED

POLICY FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF EVENTS/ INFORMATIONS

UNO MINDA LIMITED

POLICY FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF EVENTS/ INFORMATIONS

1. OBJECTIVE:

This Policy has been framed in accordance with the requirements of the Regulation 30 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI LODR Regulations") as amended from time to time.

The objective of this Policy is to assist the relevant employees of the Company in identifying any potential material event or information and reporting the same to the authorized Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) for determining materiality of events or information related to the Company and to ensure that such information is adequately disseminated in accordance with SEBI LODR Regulations and to provide an overall governance framework for such determination of materiality.

2. DEFINITIONS:

In this policy, unless the context requires otherwise: -

"Act" shall mean the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder, including any modifications, clarifications, circulars or re-enactment thereof;

"Board of Directors" or "Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of Uno Minda Limited, as constituted from time to time;

"Company" shall mean Uno Minda Limited;

"Key Managerial Personnel" shall mean the key managerial personnel as defined under sub-section (51) of Section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013;

"Mainstream media" shall include print or electronic mode of the following:

- i. Newspapers registered with the Registrar of Newspapers for India;
- ii. News channels permitted by Ministry of Information and Broadcasting under Government of India;
- iii. Content published by the publisher of news and current affairs content as defined under the Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021; and
- iv. Newspapers or news channels or news and current affairs content similarly registered or permitted or regulated, as the case may be, in jurisdictions outside India;

"Material Event" or "Material Information" shall mean such event or information as set out in the Schedule or as may be determined in terms of Clause 4 and Clause 5 of this Policy. In this Policy, the words, "material" and "materiality" shall be construed accordingly;

"Policy" shall mean this Policy on criteria for determining Materiality of events or Page | 2 information and as may be amended from time to time but which shall not dilute any requirement specified under the provisions of SEBI LODR regulations;

"SEBI LODR Regulations or Regulations" shall mean the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, including any modifications, clarifications, circulars or re-enactment thereof;

"Senior Management" shall mean the officers and personnel of the company who are members of its core management team, excluding the Board of Directors, and shall also comprise all the members of management one level below the Chief Executive Officer or Managing Director or Whole Time Director or Manager (including Chief Executive Officer and Manager, in case they are not part of Board of Directors) and specifically include the functional heads, by whatever name called and the persons identified and designated as key managerial personnel, other than the board of directors, by the listed entity;

"Schedule" shall mean Schedule III of the Regulations.

All capitalized terms used in this Policy but not defined herein shall have the meaning assigned to such term in the Act and the Rules thereunder and the SEBI LODR Regulations as amended from time to time.

3. PERSON(s) RESPONSIBLE FOR DISCLOSURES

The following KMPs of the Company are hereby severally authorized by Board of Directors for the purpose of determining materiality of an event or information and for the purpose of making disclosures to Stock Exchange(s) and as well as on the Company's website. ("Authorized Person(s)"):

- a. Chairman;
- b. Managing Director;
- c. Dy. Managing Director;
- d. Whole-time Director;
- e. Chief Financial Officer;
- f. Company Secretary

The materiality of events outlined in Schedule III of Regulations are indicative in nature. There may be a likelihood of some unforeseen events emerging due to the prevailing business scenario from time to time. Hence, the relevant Authorized Person should exercise his/her own judgement while assessing the materiality of events associated with the Company. In case the relevant Authorized Person perceives any doubt regarding materiality he/she may consult Chairman or any other authorized person before disclosing the information to the Stock Exchange(s).

All the Senior Management of the Company shall provide any potential event / information which may possibly be material as per this policy to Authorized Person(s). In case where they are unsure as to its materiality will report the same to the Authorized Person(s) for determining the materiality of such event.

The Authorized Person(s) is empowered to seek appropriate counsel or guidance, as and when necessary, as he/she may deem fit.

The Authorized Person(s) shall have the following powers and responsibilities for determining the material events or information:

- a. To review and assess an event or information that may qualify as 'material' and may require disclosure, on the basis of facts and circumstances prevailing at a given point in time.
- b. To determine the appropriate time at which the disclosures are to be made to the stock exchanges based on an assessment of actual time of occurrence of an event or information.
- c. To disclose developments that are material in nature on a regular basis, till such time the event or information is resolved /closed, with relevant explanations.
- d. To consider such other events or information that may require disclosure to be made to the stock exchanges which are not explicitly defined in the Regulations and determine the materiality, appropriate time and contents of disclosure for such matters.
- e. To disclose all events or information with respect to the subsidiaries which are material for the Company.

4. CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF EVENTS OR INFORMATION:

An event or information shall be determined material, if:

- (a) the omission of an event or information, which is likely to result in discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly; or
- (b) the omission of an event or information is likely to result in significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date; or
- (c) the omission of an event or information, whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following:
 - two percent of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the Company;
 - (2) two percent of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;
 - (3) five percent of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the Company;
- (d) In case where the criteria specified in sub-clauses (a), (b) and (c) is not applicable, an event or information may be treated as being material if in the opinion of the board of directors/Authorized Person(s) of the Company, the event or information is considered material.

5. EVENTS OR INFORMATION CONSIDERED TO BE MATERIAL

- a) Events specified in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of Regulations are deemed to be material events and Company shall make disclosure of such events, which are reproduced as **Annexure-1**;
- b) Events specified in Para B of Part A of Schedule III of Regulations will be considered to be material events as per Clause 4 and Company shall make disclosure of such events, which are reproduced as **Annexure-2**.
- c) Events Specified in Part B of Schedule III of Regulations for listed non-convertible securities of the company shall be considered material and shall be promptly informed to the stock exchange(s), which are reproduced as **Annexure-3**.
- d) Any other information/event viz. major development that is likely to affect business, e.g. emergence of new technologies, expiry of patents, any change of accounting policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts, etc. and brief details thereof and any other information which is exclusively known to the listed entity which may be necessary to enable the holders of securities of the listed entity to appraise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities.

6. TIMELINES AND MANNER OF DISCLOSURE OF EVENTS AND INFORMATION

- a) Events specified in Annexure 1 & Annexure 2 are material events and the Company shall make disclosures on such events or information as soon as reasonably possible and not later than the following:
 - i) thirty minutes from the closure of the meeting of the board of directors in which the decision pertaining to the event or information has been taken;

Provided that in case the meeting of the board of directors closes after normal trading hours of that day but more than three hours before the beginning of the normal trading hours of the next trading day, the Company shall disclose the decision pertaining to the event or information, within three hours from the closure of the board meeting:

Provided further that in case the meeting of the board of directors is being held for more than one day, the financial results shall be disclosed within thirty minutes or three hours, as applicable, from closure of such meeting for the day on which it has been considered.

- ii) twelve hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is emanating from within the Company;
- iii) twenty-four hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is not emanating from within the Company:

Provided that if all the relevant information, in respect of claims which are made against the Company under any litigation or dispute, other than tax litigation or dispute, in terms of sub-paragraph 8 of paragraph B of Part A of Schedule III, is maintained in the structured digital database of the Company in terms of provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the disclosure with respect to such claims shall be made to the stock exchange(s) within seventy-two hours of receipt of the notice by the Company:

Provided that disclosure with respect to events for which timelines have been specified in Part A of Schedule III shall be made within such timelines.

Provided further that in case the disclosure is made after the timelines specified under the regulation, the Company shall, along with such disclosure provide the explanation for the delay.

Explanation: Normal trading hours shall mean time period for which the recognized stock exchanges are open for trading for all investors.

- b) The company shall disclose all such events or information in the following manner:
 - i) inform the stock exchanges on which the securities of the Company are listed;
 - ii) upload on the website of the Company;
 - iii) updating Material developments on a regular basis, till such time the event is resolved/closed, with relevant explanations;
 - iv) The Company shall disclose on its website all such events or information which has been disclosed to stock exchange(s) under this policy, and such disclosures shall be hosted on the website of the Company for a minimum period of five years and thereafter as per the archival policy of the Company, as disclosed on its website;
 - v) The Company shall disclose all events or information with respect to its Subsidiaries which are material for the Company;
 - vi) The Company shall provide specific and adequate reply to all queries raised by the stock exchange(s) with respect to any events or information;
 - vii) The Company may on its initiative also, confirm, deny or clarify, upon the material price movement as may be specified by the stock exchanges, any reported event or information in the mainstream media which is not general in nature and which indicates that rumour of an impending specific event or information is circulating amongst the investing public, as soon as reasonably possible but in any case, not later than twenty-four hours from the trigger of material price movement:
 Provided further that if the Company confirms the reported event or information, it shall also provide the current stage of such event or information:

Provided further that when the Company confirms within twenty four hours from the trigger of material price movement, any reported event or information on which pricing norms provided under Chapter V or Chapter VI of the Securities and

Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 or pricing norms provided under Regulation 8 or Regulation 9 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 or pricing norms provided under Regulation 19 or Regulation 22B of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations, 2018 or any other pricing norms specified by the Board or the stock exchanges are applicable, then the effect on the price of the equity shares of the Company due to the material price movement and confirmation of the reported event or information may be excluded for calculation of the price for that transaction as per the framework as may be specified by the Board.

- viii) The promoter, director, key managerial personnel or senior management of the Company shall provide adequate, accurate and timely response to queries raised or explanation sought by the Company in order to ensure compliance with the requirements under sub-regulation 11 of Regulation 23 of the SEBI LODR Regulations and the Company shall disseminate the response received from such individual(s) promptly to the stock exchanges.
- ix) In case an event or information is required to be disclosed by the Company in terms of the provisions of the Regulation, pursuant to the receipt of a communication from any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority, the Company shall disclose such communication, along with the event or information, unless disclosure of such communication is prohibited by such authority.

7) DISCLOSURE PERTAINS TO AGREEMENT(S) WHICH ARE BINDING IN NATURE

All the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel and employees of a Company or of its holding, subsidiary and associate company, who are parties to the agreements specified in clause 5A of para A of part A of schedule III of the Regulations, shall inform the Company about the agreement to which such a Company is not a party, within two working days of entering into such agreements or signing an agreement to enter into such agreements:

Provided that for the agreements that subsist as on the date of notification of clause 5A to para A of part A of schedule III, the parties to the agreements shall inform the Company, about the agreement to which such a Company is not a party and the Company shall in turn disclose all such subsisting agreements to the Stock Exchanges and on its website within the timelines as specified by the Board under applicable Circulars.

8) CONTACT DETAILS OF AUTHORISED PERSONS:

Questions or clarifications about the Policy or disclosures made by the Company should be referred to the authorized person(s), who is in charge of administering, enforcing and updating this policy:

| Sr. No | Designation of the Authorised | Email | Address |
|-----------|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | person | | |
| 1 | Chairman | csmil@unominda.com or | Uno Minda Limited Nawada, Fatehpur |
| 2 | Managing Director | or Manesar | Sikanderpur Badda IMT Manesar |
| 3 | Dy. Managing Director | | Gurgaon – Haryana - 122004 |
| 4 | Whole-time Director | | |
| 5 | Chief Financial Officer | | |
| 6 | Company Secretary & Compliance Officer | | |

9) AMENDMENTS:

The Board may subject to the applicable laws amend any provision(s) or substitute any of the provision(s) with the new provision(s) or replace the Policy entirely with a new Policy. However, no such amendment or modification shall be inconsistent with the applicable provisions of any law for the time being in force.

10) SCOPE AND LIMITATION:

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Policy and of the Act or SEBI LODR Regulations or any other statutory enactments or rules, the provisions of the Act or SEBI LODR Regulations or other statutory enactments or rules shall prevail over this Policy. Any subsequent amendment / modification in the SEBI LODR Regulations, Act and/or applicable laws in this regard shall automatically apply to this Policy. Further, any clarification issued by SEBI & Stock Exchange(s), shall automatically apply and be part of this Policy.

11) EFFECTIVE DATE

This updated policy is approved by the Board of Directors on this February 06, 2025.

12) DISSEMINATION OF POLICY:

This Policy shall be hosted on the website of the Company and address of such weblink thereto shall be provided in the Annual Report of the Company.



<u>ANNEXURE -1</u>

<u>Events or Information that are to be disclosed WITHOUT ANY application of</u> <u>Materiality Guidelines listed in the Policy.</u>

 Acquisition(s) (including agreement to acquire), Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation, merger, demerger or restructuring), sale or disposal of any unit(s), division(s), whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the Company, sale of stake in associate company of the Company or any other restructuring.

Explanation (1) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, the word 'acquisition' shall mean-

- i. acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or
- ii. acquiring or agreement to acquire shares or voting rights in a company, whether existing or to be incorporated, whether directly or indirectly, such that–

(a) the Company holds shares or voting rights aggregating to twenty per cent or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company; or

(b) there has been a change in holding from the last disclosure made under sub clause (a) of clause (ii) of the Explanation to this sub-paragraph and such change exceeds five per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company; or

(c) the cost of acquisition or the price at which the shares are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of Regulation 30:

Provided that acquisition of shares or voting rights aggregating to five percent or more of the shares or voting rights in an unlisted company and any change in holding from the last disclosure made under this proviso exceeding two per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said unlisted company shall be disclosed on a quarterly basis in the format as may be specified.

Explanation (2) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, "sale or disposal of subsidiary" and "sale of stake in associate company" shall include-

- (i) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a company such that the company ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary, a subsidiary or an associate company of the Company; or
- (ii) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a subsidiary or associate company such that the amount of the sale exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of Regulation 30.

Explanation (3)- For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, "undertaking" and "substantially the whole of the undertaking" shall have the same meaning as given under section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013.

- 2. Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of existing securities including forfeiture, reissue of forfeited securities, alteration of calls, redemption of securities etc.
- 3. New Rating(s) or Revision in Rating(s).
- 4. Outcome of Meetings of the board of directors: The Company shall disclose to the Exchange(s), the outcome of meetings of the board of director, held to consider the following:
 - a) dividends recommended or declared or the decision to pass any dividend and the date on which dividend shall be paid/dispatched;
 - b) any cancellation of dividend with reasons thereof;
 - c) the decision on buyback of securities;
 - d) the decision with respect to fund raising proposed to be undertaken including by way of issue of securities (excluding security receipts, securitized debt instruments or money market instruments regulated by the Reserve Bank of India), through further public offer, rights issue, American Depository Receipts/ Global Depository Receipts/ Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds, qualified institutions placement, debt issue, preferential issue or any other method;
 - e) increase in capital by issue of bonus shares through capitalization including the date on which such bonus shares shall be credited/dispatched;
 - f) reissue of forfeited shares or securities, or the issue of shares or securities held in reserve for future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to;
 - g) short particulars of any other alterations of capital, including calls;
 - h) financial results;
 - i) decision on voluntary delisting by the Company from stock exchange(s):
- 5. Agreements (viz. shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s), family settlement agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts management and control of the Company), agreement(s)/treaty(ies)/contract(s) with media companies) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof.
- 5(A) Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the Company or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the Company or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the Company or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the Company, shall be disclosed to the

Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the Company is a party to such agreements:

Provided that such agreements entered into by a Company in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the Company or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term "directly or indirectly" includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that Company shall or shall not act in a particular manner.

6. Fraud or defaults by a Company, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or director of the Company, whether occurred within India or abroad:

For the purpose of this sub-paragraph:

- (i) 'Fraud' shall include fraud as defined under Regulation 2(1)(c) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 2003.
- (ii) 'Default' shall mean non-payment of the interest or principal amount in full on the date when the debt has become due and payable.

Explanation 1- In case of revolving facilities like cash credit, an entity would be considered to be in 'default' if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit or drawing power, whichever is lower, for more than thirty days.

Explanation 2- Default by a promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management, subsidiary shall mean default which has or may have an impact on the Company.

Explanation 3 – Fraud by senior management, other than who is promoter, director or key managerial personnel, shall be required to be disclosed only if it is in relation to the Company.

- 7. Change in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), senior management, Auditor and Company Secretary & Compliance Officer.
- 7A. In case of resignation of the auditor of the Company, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor, shall be disclosed by the Company to the stock exchanges as soon as possible but not later than twenty-four hours of receipt of such reasons from the auditor.

- 7B. Resignation of independent director including reasons for resignation: In case of resignation of an independent director of the Company, within seven days from the date of resignation, the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by the Company:
 - i. The letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the said director.
 - Ia. Names of listed entities in which the resigning director holds directorships, indicating the category of directorship and membership of board committees, if any.
 - ii. The independent director shall, along with the detailed reasons, also provide a confirmation that there is no other material reasons other than those provided.
 - iii. The confirmation as provided by the independent director above shall also be disclosed by the Company to the stock exchanges along with the disclosures as specified in sub-clause (i) and (ii) above.
- 7C. In case of resignation of key managerial personnel, senior management, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer or director other than an independent director; the letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the key managerial personnel, senior management, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer or director shall be disclosed to the stock exchanges by the Company within seven days from the date that such resignation comes into effect.
- 7D. In case the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the Company was indisposed or unavailable to fulfil the requirements of the role in a regular manner for more than forty five days in any rolling period of ninety days, the same along with the reasons for such indisposition or unavailability, shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s).
- 8. Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent.
- 9. Resolution plan/Restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions including the following details:
 - i) Decision to initiate resolution of loans/borrowings;
 - ii) Signing of Inter-Creditors Agreement (ICA) by lenders;
 - iii) Finalization of Resolution Plan;
 - iv) Implementation of Resolution Plan;
 - (v) Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution/ restructuring plan as decided by lenders.
- 10. One time settlement with a bank.
- 11. Winding-up petition filed by any party /creditors.
- 12. Issuance of Notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the Company.

- 13. Proceedings of Annual and extraordinary general meetings of the Company.
- 14. Amendments to memorandum and articles of association of Company, in brief.
- 15. a) (i) Schedule of Analysts or institutional investors meet at least two working days in advance (excluding the date of the intimation and the date of the meet);

(ii) Presentations prepared by the Company for analysts or institutional investors meet, post earnings or quarterly calls shall be disclosed to the recognized stock exchanges prior to beginning of such events.

Explanation I: For the purpose of this clause 'meet' shall mean group meetings or group conference calls conducted physically or through digital means.

Explanation II: Disclosure of names in the schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet shall be optional for the Company.

b) Audio recordings, video recordings, if any, and transcripts of post earnings or quarterly calls, by whatever name called, conducted physically or through digital means, in the following manner:

(i) The audio recordings shall be promptly made available on the website and in any case, before the next trading day or within twenty-four hours from the conclusion of such calls, whichever is earlier;

(ii) the video recordings, if any, shall be made available on the website within forty-eight hours from the conclusion of such calls;

(iii) the transcripts of such calls shall be made available on the website along with simultaneous submission to recognized stock exchanges within five working days of the conclusion of such calls.

16. The following events in relation to the corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) of the company under the Insolvency Code:

a) Filing of application by the corporate applicant for initiation of CIRP, also specifying the amount of default;

- b) Filing of application by financial creditors for initiation of CIRP against the Company, also specifying the amount of default;
- c) Admission of application by the Tribunal, along with amount of default or rejection or withdrawal, as applicable;
- d) Public announcement made pursuant to order passed by the Tribunal under section 13 of Insolvency Code;

e) List of creditors as required to be displayed by the company under regulation 13(2)(c) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;

f) Appointment/ Replacement of the Resolution Professional;

g) Prior or post-facto intimation of the meetings of Committee of Creditors;

h) Brief particulars of invitation of resolution plans under section 25(2)(h) of Insolvency Code in the Form specified under regulation 36A(5) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;

i) Number of resolution plans received by Resolution Professional;

j) Filing of resolution plan with the Tribunal;

k) Approval of resolution plan by the Tribunal or rejection, if applicable;

I) Specific features and details of the resolution plan as approved by the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency Code, not involving commercial secrets, including details such as:

i) Pre and Post net-worth of the company;

(ii) Details of assets of the company post CIRP;

(iii) Details of securities continuing to be imposed on the companies' assets;

(iv) Other material liabilities imposed on the company;

(v) Detailed pre and post shareholding pattern assuming 100% conversion of convertible securities;

(vi) Details of funds infused in the company, creditors paid-off;

(vii) Additional liability on the incoming investors due to the transaction, source of such funding etc.;

(viii) Impact on the investor – revised P/E, RONW ratios etc.;

(ix) Names of the new promoters, key managerial personnel, if any and their past experience in the business or employment. In case where promoters are companies, history of such company and names of natural persons in control;

(x) Brief description of business strategy.

m) Any other material information not involving commercial secrets.

n) Proposed steps to be taken by the incoming investor/acquirer for achieving the MPS;

o) Quarterly disclosure of the status of achieving the MPS;

p) The details as to the delisting plans, if any approved in the resolution plan.

17. Initiation of Forensic audit: In case of initiation of forensic audit, (by whatever name called), the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by the Company:

a) The fact of initiation of forensic audit along-with name of entity initiating the audit and reasons for the same, if available;

b) Final forensic audit report (other than for forensic audit initiated by regulatory / enforcement agencies) on receipt by the Company along with comments of the management, if any.

Explanation – For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, forensic audit refers to the audits, by whatever name called, which are initiated with the objective of detecting any misstatement in financial statements, mis-appropriation, siphoning or diversion of funds and does not include audit of matters such as product quality control practices, manufacturing practices, recruitment practices, supply chain process including procurement or other similar matters that would not require any revision to the financial statements disclosed by the Company.

18. Announcement or communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media by directors, promoters, key managerial personnel or senior management of the Company, in relation to any event or information which is material for the Company in terms of regulation 30 of these regulations and is not already made available in the public domain by the Company.

Explanation – "social media intermediaries" shall have the same meaning as defined under the Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021.

- 19. Action(s) initiated or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the Company or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the Company, in respect of the following:
 - (a) search or seizure; or
 - (b) re-opening of accounts under section 130 of the Companies Act, 2013; or
 - (c) investigation under the provisions of Chapter XIV of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the following details pertaining to the actions(s) initiated, taken or orders passed:
 - i. name of the authority;
 - ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken, initiated or order(s) passed;
 - iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;
 - iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;
 - v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the Company, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.
- 20. Action(s) taken or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the Company or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the Company, in respect of the following:
 - (a) suspension;
 - (b) imposition of fine or penalty;
 - (c) settlement of proceedings;
 - (d) debarment;
 - (e) disqualification;
 - (f) closure of operations;
 - (g) sanctions imposed;

- (h) warning or caution; or
- (i) any other similar action(s) by whatever name called; along with the following details pertaining to the actions(s) taken or orders passed:
 - i. name of the authority;
 - ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken or order(s) passed;
 - iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;
 - iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;
 - v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the Company,

quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.

Explanation – Imposition of fine or penalty shall be disclosed in the following manner along with the details pertaining to the action(s) taken or orders passed as mentioned in the sub-paragraph:

(i) disclosure of fine or penalty of rupees one lakh or more imposed by sectoral regulator or enforcement agency and fine or penalty of rupees ten lakhs or more imposed by other authority or judicial body shall be disclosed within twenty-four hours.

(ii) disclosure of fine or penalty imposed which are lower than the monetary thresholds specified in the clause (i) above on a quarterly basis in the format as may be specified.

(21) Voluntary revision of financial statements or the report of the board of directors of the Company under section 131 of the Companies Act, 2013.

ANNEXURE -2

Events or Information that are to be disclosed based on MATERIALITY Guidelines listed in the Policy

- 1. Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial production or commercial operations of any unit/division.
- 2. Any of the following events pertaining to the Company:
 - (a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or
 - (b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or
 - (c) closure of operation of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal).
- 3. Capacity addition or product launch.
- 4. Awarding, bagging/ receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts not in the normal course of business.
- 5. Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business) and revision(s) or amendment(s) or termination(s) thereof.
- 6. Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the Company due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts etc.
- 7. Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the Company.
- 8. Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the Company.
- 9. Frauds or defaults by employees of the Company which has or may have an impact on the Company.
- 10. Options to purchase securities including any ESOP/ESPS Scheme.
- 11. Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever name called, for any third party.
- 12. Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals.
- 13. Delay or default in the payment of fines, penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority.

ANNEXURE-3

Events or Information that are Promptly disclosed to the Stock exchanges(s) having bearing on the Performance/Operation of the Company and/or Price Sensitive Information or shall affect payment of interest or dividend or redemption payment of non-convertible securities

1) expected default in the timely payment of interest, dividend or redemption payment or both in respect of the non-convertible securities and also default in the creation of security for non-convertible debt securities as soon as the same becomes apparent;

(2) any attachment or prohibitory orders restraining the listed entity from transferring nonconvertible securities from the account of the registered holders along-with the particulars of the numbers of securities so affected, the names of the registered holders and their demat account details;

(3) any action which shall result in the redemption, reduction, cancellation, retirement in whole or in part of any non-convertible securities;

(4) any action that shall affect adversely payment of interest on non-convertible debt securities or payment of dividend on non-convertible redeemable preference shares including default by issuer to pay interest on non-convertible debt securities or redemption amount and failure to create a charge on the assets;

(5) any change in the form or nature of any of its non-convertible securities that are listed on the stock exchange(s) or in the rights or privileges of the holders thereof and make an application for listing of the securities as changed, if the stock exchange(s) so require;

(6) any changes in the general character or nature of business / activities, disruption of operation due to natural calamity, and commencement of commercial production / commercial operations;

(7) any events such as strikes and lock outs. which have a bearing on the interest payment/ dividend payment / principal repayment capacity;

(8) details of any letter or comments made by debenture trustees regarding payment/nonpayment of interest on due dates, payment/non-payment of principal on the due dates or any other matter concerning the security, listed entity and /or the assets along with its comments thereon, if any;

(9) delay/ default in payment of interest or dividend / principal amount /redemption for a period of more than three months from the due date;

(10) failure to create charge on the assets within the stipulated time period;

(11) any instance(s) of default/delay in timely repayment of interests or principal obligations or both in respect of the debt securities including, any proposal for re-scheduling or postponement of the repayment programmes of the dues/debts of the Company with any investor(s)/lender(s).

(12) any major change in composition of its board of directors, which may amount to change in control as defined in Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;

(13) any revision in the rating;

(14) the following approvals by board of directors in their meeting:-

(a) the decision to pass any interest payment;

(b) short particulars of any increase of capital whether by issue of bonus securities through

capitalization, or by way of right securities to be offered to the debt security holders, or in any other way;

(15) all information, report, notices, call letters, circulars, proceedings, etc concerning nonconvertible debt securities;

(16) The Company shall disclose the outcome of meetings of the board of directors to the Exchange(s), within thirty minutes of the closure of the meeting, held to consider the following:(a) the decision with respect to fund raising proposed to be undertaken by way of non-convertible securities;

(b) financial results:

Provided that in case of board meetings being held for more than one day, the financial results shall be disclosed within thirty minutes of end of the meeting for the day on which it has been considered.

(17) Fraud or defaults, in terms of paragraph 6 of clause A of Part-A of Schedule III, by the Company, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or director of the Company, whether occurred within India or abroad;

(18) change in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), Auditor and Company Secretary & Compliance Officer;

(19) in case of resignation of the auditor of the Company, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor, shall be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges as soon as possible but not later than twenty-four hours of receipt of such reasons from the auditor;

(20) resolution plan/ restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions including the following details:

(i) Decision to initiate resolution of loans/borrowings;

(ii) Signing of Inter-Creditors Agreement (ICA) by lenders;

(iii) Finalization of Resolution Plan;

(iv) Implementation of Resolution Plan;

(v) Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution/ restructuring plan as decided by lenders.

(21) One-time settlement with a bank;

(22) Winding-up petition filed by any party / creditors;

(23) Proceedings of Annual and extraordinary general meetings of the Company;

(24) the following events in relation to the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) of the Company under the Insolvency Code:

a) Filing of application by the corporate applicant for initiation of CIRP, also specifying the amount of default;

b) Filing of application by the financial creditors for initiation of CIRP against the Company, also specifying the amount of default;

c) Admission of application by the Tribunal, along with the amount of default or rejection or withdrawal, as applicable;

d) public announcement made pursuant to the order passed by the Tribunal under section 13 of Insolvency Code;

e) List of creditors as required to be displayed by the Company under regulation 13(2)(c) of the

Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons)

Regulations, 2016;

f) Appointment/ Replacement of the Resolution Professional;

g) Prior or post-facto intimation of the meetings of Committee of Creditors;

h) Brief particulars of invitation of resolution plans under section 25(2)(h) of Insolvency Code in the Form specified under regulation 36A (5) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;

i) Number of resolution plans received by Resolution Professional;

j) Filing of resolution plan with the Tribunal;

k) Approval of resolution plan by the Tribunal or rejection, if applicable;

I) Specific features and details of the resolution plan as approved by the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency Code, not involving commercial secrets, including details such as:

(i) Pre and Post net-worth of the company;

(ii) Details of assets of the company post CIRP;

(iii) Details of securities continuing to be imposed on the companies' assets;

(iv) Other material liabilities imposed on the company;

(v) Detailed pre and post shareholding pattern assuming 100% conversion of convertible securities;

(vi) Details of funds infused in the company, creditors paid-off;

(vii) Additional liability on the incoming investors due to the transaction, source of such funding etc.;

(viii) Impact on the investor – revised P/E, RONW ratios etc.;

(ix) Names of the new promoters, key managerial persons(s), if any and their past experience in the business or employment. In case where promoters are companies, history of such company and names of natural persons in control;

(x) Brief description of business strategy.

(25) intimation related to any change in terms of issue or redemption or exercising of call/ put options;

(26) intimation related to any change in covenants or breach of covenants under the terms of non-convertible debentures and/or non-convertible redeemable preference shares;

(27) intimation related to forfeiture of unclaimed interest or dividend or principal amount;

(28) intimation related to any change in the debenture trustee or Credit Rating Agency or Registrar and Share Transfer Agent;

(29) intimation of comfort/guarantee or any credit enhancement provided by the Company to a third party;

(30) any other information/change that:

(a) shall affect the rights and obligations of the holders of the non-convertible securities; and (b) is not in the public domain but necessary to enable the holders of the non-convertible securities to comprehend the true position and to avoid the creation of a false market in such listed securities.